## **B**CHECKLIST

The following items, documents, and measures may serve as useful for guidance to not only protect the ship's interests in the matter but also facilitate efficient preliminary investigations on board the ship.

Please note that while this list aims to offer general assistance, it may not cover every scenario, given the diverse nature and potential complexities and challenges of shortage disputes.

No.	ITEMS/CHECKS	YES/NO   REMARKS (where applicable)			
	FOR EACH CARGO OPERATION				
1	DRAFT SURVEY				
	Has a draft survey been conducted prior to and upon completion of each cargo operation to allow comparison with shore figures?				
	Verify that the hydrometer used for measuring water density maintains valid certification.				
	Have full records of the draft survey been maintained, including all tank soundings?				
	If weather conditions prevent accurate draft survey, has a Letter of Protest (LOP) been issued to the relevant parties?				
2	CREW MONITORING				
	Have the crew been adequately briefed on the cargo operation, and the need to report any situations likely to distort the cargo figure (e.g. cargo spillage, water spray for dust suppression).				
3	RECORD KEEPING				
	Maintain accurate records and documentation for all cargo operations, including start and stop times of working at each cargo hold, shift change, weather conditions etc.				
4	ISSUING LOPs				
	Issue appropriate LOPs, clearly and effectively describing the nature of any concerns or disputes.				
	Ensure that the LOPs are properly documented and communicated to relevant parties to protect the ship's interests.				
	BEFORE & DURING LOADING				
1	CARGO DECLARATION (SAME TO BE OBTAINED AT EACH LOADING PORT AND FOR EACH GRADE OF CARGO)				
	Confirm that the shipper has provided the cargo information required by SOLAS regulation VI/2. If a Bulk Cargo Shipping Name (BCSN) is provided, the information contained within the IMSBC Code should be provided.				
2	RISK ASSESSMENT				
	Has a risk assessment been conducted to identify any special characteristics of the cargo(es) and any increased likelihood of shortage claims.				
	(Elements such as cargo characteristics, ports of loading/discharge, number of discharge ports, method of cargo measurement etc.).				



3	STOWAGE PLAN	
	Confirm the stowage plan is completed, taking into account any segregated cargoes, multiple discharge ports etc.	
4	CARGO HOLD PREPARATION	
	Are all nominated cargo holds cleaned to the required standard and free of previous cargo residues. Confirm that bilge wells covers are in place and/ or prepared as per shippers' instructions. Have pictures been taken of the cargo hold conditions?	
5	PRECAUTIONARY SURVEY	
	Is a loading surveyor required to assist the master in monitoring the cargo loading and/or to independently verify the results of draft survey? Is it necessary to arrange hatch cover weather tightness testing?	
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	Confirm the bill of lading (B/L) format and wording has been agreed and accepted. Has method of calculating shore figures been provided?	
7	LOADING CHECKS	
1	Are frequent checks of cargo levels and loading rates being conducted and	
	compared with the expected levels?	
	If intermediate shore figures are available, obtain at regular intervals to compare with calculated ship figures.	
	Investigate any discrepancy and seek advice.	
8	CARGO SPILLAGE MONITORING	
	Monitor for any spillage of cargo. If this is happening take photographic or	
	preferably video evidence and issue a LOP.	
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	DURING TRANSIT (NAVIGATION)
1	CARGO CARE
	Confirm ventilation being conducted as per shippers' instructions, with all records maintained in the correct format.
	Is bunker heating being managed to reduce the possibility of heat damage to the cargo?
2	CARGO HOLD BILGES
	Record all bilge well checks and maintain a log of any water pumped from the cargo hold bilges.
3	WEATHER
	Accurately record the weather encountered on passage. In cases of extreme weather note protest, take video evidence if possible.
4	CARGO HOLD SEALS
	Confirm the seals are checked regularly to be in place and record if any broken or missing.
5	OPERATIONS ON ROUTE THAT MAY AFFECT DISPLACEMENT/CARGO
	If bunkering is conducted during laden passage, ensure this is fully accounted for and detailed as appropriate.
	Any changes to ballasting condition should be fully detailed and logged as appropriate.
	BEFORE & DURING DISCHARGING
1	CARGO HOLD SEALS
	Before commencing discharge, arrange for witnessing of cargo hold seal breaking. Take photographic evidence of this and record seal numbers.
2	DISCHARGING CHECKS
	Are frequent checks of cargo levels and offloading rates being conducted and compared with the expected levels?
	If intermediate shore figures are available, obtain at regular intervals to compare with calculated ship figures.
	Investigate any discrepancy and seek advice.
3	CARGO SPILLAGE MONITORING
	Monitor for any spillage of cargo. If this is happening take photographic or preferably video evidence and issue a LOP.
4	EMPTY HOLD CERTIFICATE
	Upon completion of discharge, obtain empty hold certificate. Document this process and take photographic or video records.
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